# Form W-8IMY

(Rev. April 2014)

# Certificate of Foreign Intermediary, Foreign Flow-Through Entity, or Certain U.S. Branches for United States Tax Withholding and Reporting

▶ Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

▶ Information about Form W-8IMY and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/formw8imy. ▶ Give this form to the withholding agent or payer. Do not send to the IRS.

OMB No. 1545-1621

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	► Information about Form W-8IMY and its separate  ► Give this form to the withholding agent		
Do not use this form for	or:	Inst	tead, use Form:
A beneficial owner solely	claiming foreign status or treaty benefits	W-8BE	N or W-8BEN-E
A hybrid entity claiming to	reaty benefits on its own behalf		. W-8BEN-E
A foreign person claiming	g that income is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade	or business in the United States	W-8ECI
A disregarded entity with	a single foreign owner that is the beneficial owner of the income		
the single foreign owner	should use		l, or W-8BEN-E
0 0	ternational organization, foreign central bank of issue, foreign taxnt of a U.S. possession claiming the applicability of section(s) 115	, , ,	W-8EXP
U.S. entity or U.S. citizer			W-9
	enting themselves for purposes of section 6050W	W-8BEN, W-8BE	N-E, or W-8ECI
	ication of Entity	O Country of incomparation by proprietion	
Name of individual c	or organization that is acting as intermediary	Country of incorporation or organization	
3 Name of disregarde	d entity (if applicable)		
4 Chapter 3 Status:			
	mediary. Complete Part III.	☐ Withholding foreign trust. Complete Part VII.	
☐ Nonqualified in	ntermediary. Complete Part IV.	☐ Nonwithholding foreign partnership. Complete F	Part VIII.
	cial institution. Complete Part V.	Nonwithholding foreign simple trust. Complete I	
	Complete Part VI.	Nonwithholding foreign grantor trust. Complete	
	reign partnership. Complete Part VII.		
5 Chapter 4 Status:			
	ng FFI (including a limited FFI or limited branch). t IX (if applicable).	<ul><li>☐ Owner-documented FFI. Complete Part XI.</li><li>☐ Restricted distributor. Complete Part XVI.</li></ul>	
☐ Participating F	FI.	Foreign central bank of issue. Complete Part XV	/II.
Reporting Mod		Nonreporting IGA FFI. Complete Part XVIII.	
Reporting Mod		Exempt retirement plans. Complete Part XIX.	
	emed-compliant FFI (other than a reporting Model 1 FFI	Excepted nonfinancial group entity. Complete P	art XX.
•	FFI that has not obtained a GIIN).	Excepted nonfinancial start-up company. Comp	
☐ Territory finance	cial institution. Complete Part V.	Excepted nonfinancial entity in liquidation or ba	nkruptcy.
	I that has not obtained a GIIN (other than a certified	Complete Part XXII.	
deemed-comp Complete Part	oliant sponsored, closely held investment vehicle).	Publicly traded NFFE or NFFE affiliate of a publi corporation. Complete Part XXIII.	icly traded
	ned-compliant nonregistering local bank. Complete Part	Excepted territory NFFE. Complete Part XXIV.	
XII.		Active NFFE. Complete Part XXV.	
	d-compliant FFI with only low-value accounts. Complete Part XIII.	Passive NFFE. Complete Part XXVI.	
	ned-compliant sponsored, closely held investment	☐ Direct reporting NFFE.	
vehicle. Comp		Sponsored direct reporting NFFE. Complete Pa	rt XXVII.
☐ Certified deem Complete Part	ned-compliant limited life debt investment entity.  XV.		
6 Permanent reside	nce address (street, apt. or suite no., or rural route). Do not o	use a P.O. box or in-care-of address (other than a regist	ered address).
City or town stat	e or province. Include postal code where appropriate.	Country	
City or town, state	e or province. Include postal code where appropriate.	Country	
7 Mailing address (i	f different from above)	I	
City or town, state	e or province. Include postal code where appropriate.	Country	
8 U.S. taxpaver idea	ntification number, if required ▶		
QI-EIN	☐ WP-EIN ☐ WT-EIN		SSN or ITIN
9 GIIN (if applicable)	L VVI -LIIV L VV I -CIIV	LIIV	GOIN OF IT IN
10 Reference number	er(s) (see instructions)		

Form W-8IMY (Rev. 4-2014) Page 2 Disregarded Entity or Branch Receiving Payment. (Complete only if disregarded entity or branch of an Part II FFI in a country other than the FFI's country of residence.) Chapter 4 Status (FATCA status) of disregarded entity or branch receiving payment. U.S. Branch. Limited branch. Reporting Model 1 FFI. Reporting Model 2 FFI. Participating FFI. 12 Address of branch (street, apt. or suite no., or rural route). Do not use a P.O. box or in-care-of address (other than a registered address). City or town, state or province. Include postal code where appropriate. Country 13 GIIN (if any) ▶ **Chapter 3 Status Certifications** Part III **Qualified Intermediary** 14a (All qualified intermediaries check here) I certify that the entity identified in Part I (or branch, if relevant): • Is a qualified intermediary and is not acting for its own account with respect to the account(s) identified on line 10 or in a withholding statement associated with this form; and • Has provided or will provide a withholding statement, as required, for purposes of chapters 3 and 4 that is subject to the certifications made on this form. Check all that apply: I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form is not providing a withholding statement associated with this form because it assumes primary withholding responsibility for purposes of chapters 3 and 4, and either: • Primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility; or • Reporting responsibility as a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI with respect to accounts that it maintains and that are held by specified U.S. persons as permitted under Regulations sections 1.6049-4(c)(4)(i) or (c)(4)(ii) in lieu of Form 1099 reporting. I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form assumes primary withholding responsibility under chapters 3 and 4 with respect to payments made to each account identified on this line 14c (or on an attachment to this form) I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form assumes primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility with respect to payments made to each account identified on this line 14d or on an attachment to this form or reporting responsibility as a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI with respect to accounts that it maintains and that are held by specified U.S. persons as permitted under Regulations sections 1.6049-4(c)(4)(i) or (c)(4)(ii) in lieu of Form 1099 reporting ▶ I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form does **NOT** assume primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility and is using this form to transmit Forms W-9 with respect to each account(s) held by a U.S. non-exempt recipient identified on this line 14e or in a withholding statement associated with this form > If the entity identified on Part I of this form has allocated or will allocate a portion of a payment to a chapter 4 withholding rate pool of U.S. payees on a withholding statement associated with this form (check all that apply): (i) I certify that the entity meets the requirements of Regulations section 1.6049-4(c)(4)(iii) with respect to any account holder of an account it maintains that is included in a withholding rate pool of U.S. payees provided on a withholding statement associated with this form. (ii) To the extent the entity is providing a withholding statement that includes a chapter 4 withholding rate pool of U.S. payees that are accountholders of an intermediary or flow-through entity receiving a payment from the entity identified on line 1, I certify that the entity on line 1 has obtained or will obtain documentation sufficient to establish each such intermediary or flowthrough entity's status as a participating FFI, registered deemed-compliant FFI, or FFI that is a qualified intermediary. form that are U.S. source substitute dividends received from the withholding agent. Part IV **Nonqualified Intermediary** Check all that apply: (All nonqualified intermediaries and qualified intermediaries that are not acting in their capacity as such check here) I certify that the entity 15a identified in Part I of this form is not acting as a qualified intermediary with respect to each account(s) for which this form is provided and is not acting for its own account. I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation and has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required. I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form meets the requirements of Regulations section 1.6049-4(c)(4)(iii) with respect to any account holder of an account it maintains that is included in a withholding rate pool of U.S. payees provided on a withholding statement associated with this form. I certify that the entity identified in Part I of this form is acting as a Qualified Securities Lender with respect to payments associated with this form that are U.S. source substitute dividends received from the withholding agent.

Form W	-8IMY (Rev. 4-2014)	Page 3
Part	V Territory Financial Institution	
16 a	I certify that the entity identified in Part I is a financial institution (other than an investment entity that is not also a depocustodial institution, or specified insurance company) that is incorporated or organized under the laws of a possession of the	
Check	whichever box applies:	
b	I further certify that the entity identified in Part I is using this form as evidence of its agreement with the withholding agent a U.S. person for purposes of chapters 3 and 4 with respect to any payments associated with this withholding certificate.	to be treated as
С	☐ I further certify that the entity identified in Part I:	
	• Is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation for the persons for whom it receives a	payment; and
	Has provided or will provide a withholding statement, as required.	
Part '	VI Certain U.S. Branches	
17 a	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I is receiving payments that are not effectively connected with the conduct of a tractive United States.	de or business in
Check	whichever box applies:	
b	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I is a U.S. branch of a foreign bank or insurance company described section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv)(A) that is a participating FFI (including a reporting Model 2 FFI), registered deemed-compliant reporting Model 1 FFI), or NFFE that is using this form as evidence of its agreement with the withholding agent to be to person with respect to any payments associated with this withholding certificate.	FFI (including a
С	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I:	
	• Is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation for the persons for whom the be payment; and	anch receives a
	Has provided or will provide a withholding statement, as required.	
Part		
18	I certify that the entity identified in Part I is a withholding foreign partnership or a withholding foreign trust that is complia of its WP or WT agreement.	nt with the terms
Part		
19	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I:	
	<ul> <li>Is a nonwithholding foreign partnership, a nonwithholding foreign simple trust, or a nonwithholding foreign grantor to payments to which this certificate relates are not effectively connected, or are not treated as effectively connected, with trade or business in the United States; and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation and has provided or will provide a with statement, as required for purposes of chapters 3 and 4, that is subject to the certifications made on this form.</li> </ul>	nolding
	Chapter 4 Status Certifications	
Part	IX Nonparticipating FFI with Exempt Beneficial Owners	
20	I certify that the entity identified in Part I is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation a or will provide a withholding statement that indicates the portion of the payment allocated to one or more exempt beneficial	
Part	·	
21 a	Name of sponsoring entity:	
L	Check whichever box applies.	
b	Learnify that the entity identified in Part I:	
	<ul> <li>Is an FFI solely because it is an investment entity;</li> <li>Is not a QI, WP, or WT; and</li> </ul>	
	Has agreed with the entity identified above (that is not a nonparticipating FFI) to act as the sponsoring entity for this entity.	v
С	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I:	,.
·	Is a controlled foreign corporation as defined in section 957(a);	
	• Is not a QI, WP, or WT;	
	<ul> <li>Is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the U.S. financial institution identified above that agrees to act as the sponsor entity; and</li> </ul>	ing entity for this
	<ul> <li>Shares a common electronic account system with the sponsoring entity (identified above) that enables the sponsoring er account holders and payees of the entity and to access all account and customer information maintained by the entity is limited to, customer identification information, customer documentation, account balance, and all payments made to ac payees.</li> </ul>	ncluding, but not
	W OIL	

Form W-8IMY (Rev. 4-2014) Page **4** 

#### Part XI Owner-Documented FFI

**Note.** This status only applies if the U.S. financial institution, participating FFI, reporting Model 1 FFI, or reporting Model 2 FFI to which this form is given has agreed that it will treat the FFI as an owner-documented FFI. The owner-documented FFI must make the certifications below.

- Does not act as an intermediary;
- Does not accept deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business;
- Does not hold, as a substantial portion of its business, financial assets for the account of others;
- Is not an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues or is obligated to make payments with respect to a financial account;
- Is not affiliated with an entity (other than an FFI that is also treated as an owner-documented FFI) that accepts deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business, holds, as a substantial portion of its business, financial assets for the account of others, or is an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues or is obligated to make payments with respect to a financial account: and
- Does not maintain a financial account for any nonparticipating FFI.

#### Check whichever box applies:

- **b** I certify that the FFI identified in Part I:
  - Has provided, or will provide, an FFI owner reporting statement (including any applicable owner documentation) that contains:
    - (i) The name, address, TIN (if any), chapter 4 status, and type of documentation provided (if required) of every individual and specified U.S. person that owns a direct or indirect equity interest in the owner-documented FFI (looking through all entities other than specified U.S. persons);
    - (ii) The name, address, TIN (if any), chapter 4 status, and type of documentation provided (if required) of every individual and specified U.S. person that owns a debt interest in the owner-documented FFI (including any indirect debt interest, which includes debt interests in any entity that directly or indirectly owns the payee or any direct or indirect equity interest in a debt holder of the payee) that constitutes a financial account in excess of \$50,000 (disregarding all such debt interests owned by participating FFIs, registered deemed-compliant FFIs, certified deemed compliant FFIs, excepted NFFEs, exempt beneficial owners, or U.S. persons other than specified U.S. persons); and
    - (iii) Any additional information the withholding agent requests in order to fulfill its obligations with respect to the entity.
- c I certify that the FFI identified in Part I:
  - Has provided, or will provide, an auditor's letter, signed no more than four years prior to the date of payment, from an independent accounting firm or legal representative with a location in the United States stating that the firm or representative has reviewed the FFI's documentation with respect to all of its owners and debt holders identified in Regulations section 1.1471-3(d)(6)(iv)(A)(2) and that the FFI meets all the requirements to be an owner-documented FFI. The FFI identified in Part I has also provided, or will provide, an FFI owner reporting statement and Form W-9, with applicable waivers, as described in Regulations section 1.1471-3(d)(6)(iv).

#### Part XII Certified Deemed-Compliant Nonregistering Local Bank

- - Operates and is licensed solely as a bank or credit union (or similar cooperative credit organization operated without profit) in its country of incorporation or organization;
  - Engages primarily in the business of receiving deposits from and making loans to, with respect to a bank, retail customers unrelated to such bank and, with respect to a credit union or similar cooperative credit organization, members, provided that no member has a greater than five percent interest in such credit union or cooperative credit organization;
  - Does not solicit account holders outside its country of organization;
  - Has no fixed place of business outside such country (for this purpose, a fixed place of business does not include a location that is not advertised to the public and from which the FFI performs solely administrative support functions);
  - Has no more than \$175 million in assets on its balance sheet and, if it is a member of an expanded affiliated group, the group has no more than \$500 million in total assets on its consolidated or combined balance sheets; and
  - Does not have any member of its expanded affiliated group that is a foreign financial institution, other than a foreign financial institution that is incorporated or organized in the same country as the FFI identified in Part I and that meets the requirements set forth in this Part XII.

#### Part XIII Certified Deemed-Compliant FFI with Only Low-Value Accounts

- - Is not engaged primarily in the business of investing, reinvesting, or trading in securities, partnership interests, commodities, notional principal contracts, insurance or annuity contracts, or any interest (including a futures or forward contract or option) in such security, partnership interest, commodity, notional principal contract, insurance contract or annuity contract;
  - No financial account maintained by the FFI or any member of its expanded affiliated group, if any, has a balance or value in excess of \$50,000 (as determined after applying applicable account aggregation rules); and
  - Neither the FFI nor the FFI's entire expanded affiliated group, if any, have more than \$50 million in assets on its consolidated or combined balance sheet as of the end of its most recent accounting year.

Form W	-8IM	Y (Rev. 4-2014) Page <b>5</b>
Part	XIV	Certified Deemed-Compliant Sponsored, Closely Held Investment Vehicle
25a		Name of sponsoring entity: ▶
b		I certify that the FFI identified in Part I:
		• Is an FFI solely because it is an investment entity described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(e)(4);
		• Is not a QI, WP, or WT;
		• Will have all of its due diligence, withholding, and reporting responsibilities (determined as if the FFI were a participating FFI) fulfilled by the sponsoring entity identified in line 25a; <b>and</b>
		• Twenty or fewer individuals own all of the debt and equity interests in the entity (disregarding debt interests owned by U.S. financial institutions, participating FFIs, registered deemed-compliant FFIs, and certified deemed-compliant FFIs and equity interests owned by an entity that owns 100 percent of the equity interests in the FFI identified in Part I and is itself a sponsored FFI).
Part	ΧV	Certified Deemed-Compliant Limited Life Debt Investment Entity
26		I certify that the FFI identified in Part I:
		Was in existence as of January 17, 2013;
		• Issued all classes of its debt or equity interests to investors on or before January 17, 2013 pursuant to a trust indenture or similar agreement; and
		• Is certified deemed-compliant because it satisfies the requirements to be treated as a limited life debt investment entity (such as the restrictions with respect to its assets and other requirements under Regulations section 1.1471-4(f)(2)(iv)).
Part	ΧV	Restricted Distributor
27a		(All restricted distributors check here) I certify that the entity identified in Part I:
		• Operates as a distributor with respect to debt or equity interests of the restricted fund with respect to which this form is furnished;
		• Provides investment services to at least 30 customers unrelated to each other and less than half of its customers are related to each other;
		• Is required to perform AML due diligence procedures under the anti-money laundering laws of its country of organization (which is a FATF-compliant jurisdiction);
		• Operates solely in its country of incorporation or organization, has no fixed place of business outside of that country, and has the same country of incorporation or organization as all members of its affiliated group, if any;
		<ul> <li>Does not solicit customers outside its country of incorporation or organization;</li> <li>Has no more than \$175 million in total assets under management and no more than \$7 million in gross revenue on its income statement for the most recent accounting year;</li> </ul>
		• Is not a member of an expanded affiliated group that has more than \$500 million in total assets under management or more than \$20 million in gross revenue for its most recent accounting year on a combined or consolidated income statement; and
		• Does not distribute any debt or securities of the restricted fund to specified U.S. persons, passive NFFEs with one or more substantial U.S. owners, or nonparticipating FFIs.
Checl	k wl	hichever box applies:
		rtify that with respect to all sales of debt or equity interests in the restricted fund with respect to which this form is furnished that are made mber 31, 2011, the entity identified in Part I:
b		Has been bound by a distribution agreement that contained a general prohibition on the sale of debt or securities to U.S. entities and U.S. resident individuals and is currently bound by a distribution agreement that contains a prohibition of the sale of debt or securities to any specified U.S. person, passive NFFE with one or more substantial U.S. owners, or nonparticipating FFI.
С		Is currently bound by a distribution agreement that contains a prohibition on the sale of debt or securities to any specified U.S. person, passive NFFE with one or more substantial U.S. owners, or nonparticipating FFI and, for all sales made prior to the time that such a restriction was included in its distribution agreement, has reviewed all accounts related to such sales in accordance with the procedures identified in Regulations section 1.1471-4(c) applicable to preexisting accounts and has redeemed or retired any securities which were sold to specified U.S. persons, passive NFFEs with one or more substantial U.S. owners, or nonparticipating FFIs, or will transfer the securities to a distributor that is a participating FFI reporting Model 1 FFI, or reporting Model 2 FFI.
Part 2	ΧVI	Foreign Central Bank of Issue
28		I certify that the entity identified in Part I is treated as the beneficial owner of the payment solely for purposes of chapter 4 under Regulations section 1.1471-6(d)(4).
		Form <b>W-8IMY</b> (Rev. 4-2014)

Form \	V-8IMY (Re	v. 4-2014) Page <b>6</b>
Part	XVIII	Nonreporting IGA FFI
29	☐ I ce	rtify that the entity identified in Part I:
	• N	eets the requirements to be considered a nonreporting financial institution pursuant to an IGA between the United States and ;
	• Is	entitled to the provisions of the IGA because the entity (or relevant branch) is considered a
		ler the provisions of the applicable IGA; <b>and</b>
	• If	you are an FFI treated as a registered deemed-compliant FFI under an applicable Model 2 IGA, provide your GIIN:
	<b>&gt;</b>	
Part	XIX	Exempt Retirement Plans
Chec	k which	ever box applies.
30a		rtify that the entity identified in Part I:
	• Is	established in a country with which the United States has an income tax treaty in force;
	• Is	operated principally to administer or provide pension or retirement benefits; and
		entitled to treaty benefits on income that the fund derives from U.S. sources (or would be entitled to benefits if it derived any such ome) as a resident of the other country which satisfies any applicable limitation on benefits requirement.
b	☐ I ce	rtify that the entity identified in Part I:
		s organized for the provision of retirement, disability, or death benefits (or any combination thereof) to beneficiaries that are forme ployees of one or more employers in consideration for services rendered;
	• N	o single beneficiary has a right to more than 5% of the FFI's assets;
		subject to government regulation and provides annual information reporting about its beneficiaries to the relevant tax authorities in the ntry in which the fund is established or operated; <b>and</b>
		(i) Is generally exempt from tax on investment income under the laws of the country in which it is established or operates due to its status as a retirement or pension plan;
		(ii) Receives at least 50% of its total contributions from sponsoring employers (disregarding transfers of assets from other plans described in this part, retirement and pension accounts described in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA, other retirement funds described in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA, or accounts described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(2)(i)(A));
		(iii) Either does not permit or penalizes distributions or withdrawals made before the occurrence of specified events related to retirement, disability, or death (except rollover distributions to accounts described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(2)(i)(A (referring to retirement and pension accounts), to retirement and pension accounts described in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA, or to other retirement funds described in this part or in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA); or
		(iv) Limits contributions by employees to the fund by reference to earned income of the employee or may not exceed \$50,000 annually
С	☐ I ce	rtify that the entity identified in Part I:
		s organized for the provision of retirement, disability, or death benefits (or any combination thereof) to beneficiaries that are forme ployees of one or more employers in consideration for services rendered;
	• H	as fewer than 50 participants;
	• Is	sponsored by one or more employers, each of which is not an investment entity or passive NFFE.
	per	mployee and employer contributions to the fund (disregarding transfers of assets from other plans described in this part, retirement and ision accounts described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(2)(i)(A)) are ted by reference to earned income and compensation of the employee, respectively;
		articipants that are not residents of the country in which the fund is established or operated are not entitled to more than 20 percent o fund's assets; and
		subject to government regulation and provides annual information reporting about its beneficiaries to the relevant tax authorities in the intry in which the fund is established or operates.
d		ertify that the entity identified in Part I is formed pursuant to a pension plan that would meet the requirements of section 401(a), othe in the requirement that the plan be funded by a trust created or organized in the United States.
е	in t	rtify that the entity identified in Part I is established exclusively to earn income for the benefit of one or more retirement funds described his part or in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA, accounts described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(2)(i)(A) (referring to rement and pension accounts), or retirement and pension accounts described in an applicable Model 1 or Model 2 IGA.
f	☐ I ce	rtify that the entity identified in Part I:
	pos 2 IC	s established and sponsored by a foreign government, international organization, central bank of issue, or government of a U.S session (each as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-6) or an exempt beneficial owner described in an applicable Model 1 or Mode GA to provide retirement, disability, or death benefits to beneficiaries or participants that are current or former employees of the sponso persons designated by such employees); or
	pos 2 I	s established and sponsored by a foreign government, international organization, central bank of issue, or government of a U.S issession (each as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-6) or an exempt beneficial owner described in an applicable Model 1 or Mode GA to provide retirement, disability, or death benefits to beneficiaries or participants that are not current or former employees of such onsor, but are in consideration of personal services performed for the sponsor.

Form W	V-8IM	Y (Rev. 4-2014) Page <b>7</b>
Part	t XX	Excepted Nonfinancial Group Entity
31		I certify that the entity identified in Part I:  • Is a holding company, treasury center, or captive finance company and substantially all of the entity's activities are functions described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(e)(5)(i)(C) through (E);
		<ul> <li>Is a member of a nonfinancial group described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(e)(5)(i)(B);</li> <li>Is not a depository or custodial institution (other than for members of the entity's expanded affiliated group); and</li> </ul>
		• Does not function (or hold itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund or any investment vehicle with an investment strategy to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes.
Part	XXI	Excepted Nonfinancial Start-Up Company
32		I certify that the entity identified in Part I:
	_	• Was formed on (or in the case of a new line of business, the date of board resolution approving the new line of business)
		(date must be less than 24 months prior to date of payment);
		• Is not yet operating a business and has no prior operating history or is investing capital in assets with the intent to operate a new line of business other than that of a financial institution or passive NFFE; and
		• Does not function (or hold itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund, or any investment vehicle whose purpose is to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes.
Part	XXI	Excepted Nonfinancial Entity in Liquidation or Bankruptcy
33		I certify that the entity identified in Part I:
		• Filed a plan of liquidation, filed a plan or reorganization, or filed for bankruptcy on the following date:
		• Has not been engaged during the past 5 years in business as a financial institution or acted as a passive NFFE;
		• Is either liquidating or emerging from a reorganization or bankruptcy with the intent to continue or recommence operations as a nonfinancial entity; and
		• Has provided, or will provide, documentary evidence such as a bankruptcy filing or other public documentation that supports its claim if it remains in bankruptcy or liquidation for more than three years.
Part 2	XXII	Publicly Traded NFFE or NFFE Affiliate of a Publicly Traded Corporation
Chec	k wł	nichever box applies:
34a		I certify that:
		• The entity identified in Part I is a foreign corporation that is not a financial institution; and
	_	• The stock of such corporation is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, including
b	Ш	I certify that:
		• The entity identified in Part I is a foreign corporation that is not a financial institution;
		• The entity identified in Part I is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as an entity the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market;
		• The name of the entity, the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market, is ; and
		The name of the securities market on which the stock is regularly traded is ▶
Part 2	XXI	Excepted Territory NFFE
35	Ш	I certify that:
		• The entity identified in Part I is an entity that is organized in a possession of the United States;
		• The entity identified in Part I:
		(i) Does not accept deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business,
		(ii) Does not hold, as a substantial portion of its business, financial assets for the account of others, and
		(iii) Is not an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues or is obligated to make payments with respect to a financial account; and
		• All of the owners of the entity identified in Part I are bona fide residents of the possession in which the NFFE is organized or incorporated.
Part	XX\	Active NFFE
36		I certify that:
		• The entity identified in Part I is a foreign entity that is not a financial institution;
		• Less than 50% of such entity's gross income for the preceding calendar year is passive income; and
		• Less than 50% of the assets held by such entity are assets that produce or are held for the production of passive income (calculated as a weighted average of the percentage of passive assets measured quarterly). See the instructions for the definition of passive income.
		Form <b>W-8IMY</b> (Rev. 4-2014)

Form W	<i>J-</i> 8IMY (Rev. 4-2014)	Page <b>8</b>
Part	XXVI Passive NFFE	
37	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I:	
	<ul> <li>Is a foreign entity that is not a financial institution (this category includes an entity organi engages (or holds itself out as being engaged) primarily in the business of investing, rei interests, commodities, notional principal contracts, insurance or annuity contracts, or any commodity, notional principal contract, insurance contract or annuity contract); and</li> </ul>	nvesting, or trading in securities, partnership
	<ul> <li>Is using this form to transmit withholding certificates and/or other documentation and statement, as required.</li> </ul>	has provided or will provide a withholding
Part 2	XXVII Sponsored Direct Reporting NFFE	
38	Name of sponsoring entity:	
39	☐ I certify that the entity identified in Part I is a direct reporting NFFE that is sponsored by the e	entity identified in line 38.
Part 2	XXVIII Certification	
Further	penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined the information on this form and to the best of my knowledge more, I authorize this form to be provided to any withholding agent that has control, receipt, or custody of the inciding agent that can disburse or make payments of the amounts for which I am providing this form.	
agree	that I will submit a new form within 30 days if any certification made on this form becomes incorrect.	
Sian	Here	
oigii	Signature of authorized official	Date (MM-DD-YYYY)

Form **W-8IMY** (Rev. 4-2014)

# Instructions for Form W-8IMY



(Rev. February 2006)

Certificate of Foreign Intermediary, Foreign Flow-Through Entity, or Certain U.S. **Branches for United States Tax Withholding** 

# **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Note. For definitions of terms used throughout these instructions, see *Definitions* on pages 2 and 3.

Foreign persons are subject to U.S. tax at a 30% rate on income they receive from U.S. sources that consists of interest (including certain original issue discount (OID)) dividends, rents, premiums, annuities, compensation for, or in expectation of, services performed, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodical (FDAP) gains, profits, or income. This tax is imposed on the gross amount paid and is generally collected by withholding under section 1441 or 1442 on that amount. A payment is considered to have been made whether it is made directly to the beneficial owner or to another person, such as an intermediary, agent, trustee, executor, or partnership, for the benefit of the beneficial owner.

Foreign persons are also subject to tax at graduated rates on income they earn that is considered effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. If a foreign person invests in a partnership that conducts a U.S. trade or business, the foreign person is considered to be engaged in a U.S. trade or business. The partnership is required to withhold tax under section 1446 on the foreign person's distributive share of the partnership's effectively connected taxable income. The partnership may generally accept any form submitted for purposes of section 1441 or 1442, with few exceptions, to establish the foreign status of the partner. See Regulations sections 1.1446-1 through 1.1446-6 to determine whether the form submitted for purposes of section 1441 or 1442 will be accepted for purposes of section 1446.



For purposes of section 1446, Form W-8IMY may only be submitted by an upper-tier foreign ракtnership or a foreign grantor trust, both of which must furnish additional documentation for their owners.

Additional information. For additional information and instructions for the withholding agent, see the Instructions for the Requester of Forms W-8BEN, W-8ECI, W-8EXP, and W-8IMY.

Who must file. Form W-8IMY must be provided by: • A foreign person, or a foreign branch of a U.S. person, to establish that it is a qualified intermediary that is not acting for its own account, to represent that it has provided or will provide a withholding statement, as required, and, if applicable, to represent that it has assumed primary withholding responsibility under Chapter 3 of the Code (excluding section 1446) and/or primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility.

 A foreign person to establish that it is a nonqualified intermediary that is not acting for its own account, and, if applicable, that it is using the form to transmit withholding

certificates and/or other documentary evidence and has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required. A U.S. person cannot be a nonqualified intermediary.

- A U.S. branch of certain foreign banks or foreign insurance companies to represent that the income it receives is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States and either that it is using the form (a) as evidence of its agreement with the withholding agent to be treated as a U.S. person with respect to any payments associated with the Form W-8IMY or (b) to transmit the documentation of the persons for whom it receives a payment and has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required.
- A foreign partnership or a foreign simple or grantor trust to establish that it is a withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust under the regulations for sections 1441 and 1442 and that it has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required.
- A foreign partnership or a foreign simple or grantor trust to establish that it is a nonwithholding foreign partnership or nonwithholding foreign simple or grantor trust for purposes of section 1441 and 1442 and to represent that the income is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. that the form is being used to transmit withholding certificates and/or documentary evidence, and that it has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required.

Solely for purposes of providing this form, a reverse hybrid entity that is providing documentation on behalf of its interest holders to claim a reduced rate of withholding under a treaty is considered to be a nonqualified intermediary unless it has entered into a qualified intermediary agreement with the IRS.

• A foreign partnership or foreign grantor trust to establish that it is an upper-tier foreign partnership or foreign grantor trust for purposes of section 1446, and to represent that the form is being used to transmit withholding certificates and/or documentary evidence and that it has provided, or will provide, a withholding statement, as required.

This form may serve to establish foreign status for purposes of sections 1441, 1442, and 1446. However, any representations that items of income, gain, deduction, or loss are not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business will be disregarded by a partnership receiving this form for purposes of section 1446 as the partnership will undertake its own analysis.

Do not use Form W-8IMY if:

You are the beneficial owner of U.S. source income (other than income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States) and you need to establish that you are not a U.S. person. Instead, submit Form W-8BEN, Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding.

- You are the beneficial owner of U.S. source income (other than income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States) and are claiming a reduced rate of, or exemption from, withholding as a resident of a foreign country with which the United States has an income tax treaty. Instead, provide Form W-8BEN.
- You are filing for a hybrid entity claiming treaty benefits on its own behalf, or you are filing for a reverse hybrid entity and are not claiming treaty benefits on behalf of its interest holders. Instead, provide Form W-8BEN.
- You are the beneficial owner of income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States. Instead, provide Form W-8ECI, Certificate of Foreign Person's Claim That Income Is Effectively Connected With the Conduct of a Trade or Business in the United States.
- You are a nonresident alien individual who claims exemption from withholding on compensation for independent or certain dependent personal services performed in the United States. Instead, provide Form 8233, Exemption From Withholding on Compensation for Independent (and Certain Dependent) Personal Services of a Nonresident Alien Individual, or Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.
- You are filing for a disregarded entity. (A business entity that has a single owner and is not a corporation under Regulations section 301.7701-2(b) is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner.) Instead, provide Form W-8BEN or W-8ECI.
- You are filing for a foreign government, international organization, foreign central bank of issue, foreign tax-exempt organization, foreign private foundation, or government of a U.S. possession claiming the applicability of section 115(2), 501(c), 892, 895, or 1443(b). Instead, provide Form W-8EXP, Certificate of Foreign Government or Other Foreign Organization for United States Tax Withholding. However, these entities should use Form W-8BEN if they are claiming treaty benefits or are providing the form only to claim exempt recipient status for backup withholding purposes.

Giving Form W-8IMY to the withholding agent. Do not send Form W-8IMY to the IRS. Instead, give it to the person who is requesting it. Generally, this person will be the one from whom you receive the payment, who credits your account, or a partnership that allocates income to you. Give Form W-8IMY to the person requesting it before income is paid to you, credited, or allocated to your account. If you do not provide this form, the withholding agent may have to withhold at the 30% rate, backup withholding rate with respect to non effectively connected income, or the 35% rate for net effectively connected taxable income allocable to a foreign partner in a partnership. Generally, a separate Form W-8IMY must be submitted to each withholding agent.

Change in circumstances. If a change in circumstances makes any information on the Form W-8IMY (or any documentation or a withholding statement associated with the Form W-8IMY) you have submitted incorrect, you must notify the withholding agent or payer within 30 days of the changes in circumstances and you must file a new Form W-8IMY or provide new documentation or a new withholding statement.

You must update the information associated with Form W-8IMY as often as is necessary to enable the withholding agent to withhold at the appropriate rate on each payment and to report such income.

**Expiration of Form W-8IMY.** Generally, a Form W-8IMY remains valid until the status of the person whose name is on the certificate is changed in a way relevant to the certificate or circumstances change that make the information on the certificate no longer correct. The indefinite validity period does not extend, however, to any withholding certificates, documentary evidence, or withholding statements associated with the certificate.

#### **Definitions**

Amounts subject to withholding. Generally, an amount subject to withholding under section 1441 or 1442 is an amount from sources within the United States that is FDAP income. FDAP income is all income included in gross income, including interest (and original issue discount), dividends, rents, royalties, and compensation. FDAP income does not include most gains from the sale of property (including market discount and option premiums). FDAP income also does not include items of U.S. source income that are excluded from gross income without regard to the U.S. or foreign status of the holder, such as interest under section 103(a).

Generally, an amount subject to withholding under section 1446 is an amount that is, or is treated as, effectively connected income of a U.S. trade or business of the partnership.

**Beneficial owner.** For payments other than those for which a reduced rate of withholding is claimed under an income tax treaty, the beneficial owner of income is generally the person who is required under U.S. tax principles to include the income in gross income on a tax return. A person is not a beneficial owner of income, however, to the extent that person is receiving the income as a nominee, agent, or custodian, or to the extent the person is a conduit whose participation in a transaction is disregarded. In the case of amounts paid that do not constitute income, beneficial ownership is determined as if the payment were income.

Foreign partnerships, foreign simple trusts, and foreign grantor trusts are not the beneficial owners of income paid to the partnership or trust. The beneficial owners of income paid to a foreign partnership are generally the partners in the partnership, provided that the partner is not itself a partnership, foreign simple or grantor trust, nominee, or other agent. The beneficial owners of income paid to a foreign simple trust (that is, a foreign trust that is described in section 651(a)) are generally the beneficiaries of the trust, if the beneficiary is not itself a foreign partnership, foreign simple or grantor trust, nominee, or other agent. The beneficial owners of a foreign grantor trust (that is, a foreign trust to the extent that all or a portion of the income of the trust is treated as owned by the grantor or another person under sections 671 through 679) are the persons treated as the owners of the trust. The beneficial owner of income paid to a foreign complex trust (that is, a foreign trust that is not a foreign simple trust or foreign grantor trust) is the trust itself.

The beneficial owner of income paid to a foreign estate is the estate itself.

**Fiscally transparent entity.** An entity is treated as fiscally transparent with respect to an item of income to the extent that the interest holders in the entity must, on a current basis, take into account separately their shares of an item of income paid to the entity, whether or not distributed, and must determine the character of the items of income as if they were realized directly from the sources from which realized by the entity.

**Flow-through entity.** A flow-through entity is a foreign partnership (other than a withholding foreign partnership), a foreign simple or foreign grantor trust (other than a withholding foreign trust), or, for payments for which a reduced rate of withholding is claimed under an income tax treaty, any entity to the extent the entity is considered to be fiscally transparent (see earlier) with respect to the payment by an interest holder's jurisdiction.

**Foreign person.** A foreign person includes a nonresident alien individual, a foreign corporation, a foreign partnership, a foreign trust, a foreign estate, and any other person that is not a U.S. person. It also includes a foreign branch or office of a U.S. financial institution or U.S. clearing organization if the foreign branch is a qualified intermediary. Generally, a payment to a U.S. branch of a foreign person is a payment to a foreign person.

**Hybrid entity.** A hybrid entity is any person (other than an individual) that is treated as fiscally transparent (see earlier) in the United States but is not treated as fiscally transparent by a country with which the United States has an income tax treaty. Hybrid status is relevant for claiming treaty benefits.

**Intermediary.** An intermediary is any person that acts as a custodian, broker, nominee, or otherwise as an agent for another person, regardless of whether that other person is the beneficial owner of the amount paid, a flow-through entity, or another intermediary.

**Qualified intermediary.** A qualified intermediary is a person that is a party to a withholding agreement with the IRS and is:

- A foreign financial institution or a foreign clearing organization (other than a U.S. branch or U.S. office of the institution or organization),
- A foreign branch or office of a U.S. financial institution or a foreign branch or office of a U.S. clearing organization,
- A foreign corporation for purposes of presenting claims of benefits under an income tax treaty on behalf of its shareholders, or
- Any other person the IRS accepts as a qualified intermediary and who enters into a withholding agreement with the IRS.

See Rev. Proc. 2000-12 for procedures to apply to be a qualified intermediary. You can find Rev. Proc. 2000-12 on page 387 of Internal Revenue Bulletin (IRB) 2000-4 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb00-04.pdf. Also see Notice 2001-4 (IRB 2001-2); Rev. Proc. 2003-64, Appendix 3 (IRB 2003-32); and Rev. Proc. 2004-21 (IRB 2004-14).

**Nonqualified intermediary.** A nonqualified intermediary is any intermediary that is not a U.S. person and that is not a qualified intermediary.

Nonwithholding foreign partnership, simple trust, or grantor trust. A nonwithholding foreign partnership is any foreign partnership other than a withholding foreign partnership. A nonwithholding foreign simple trust is any foreign simple trust that is not a withholding foreign trust. A nonwithholding foreign grantor trust is any foreign grantor trust that is not a withholding foreign trust.

Reportable amount. Solely for purposes of the statements required to be attached to Form W-8IMY, a reportable amount is an amount subject to withholding, U.S. source deposit interest (including original issue discount), and U.S. source interest or original issue discount on the redemption of short-term obligations. It does not include payments on deposits with banks and other financial institutions that remain on deposit for 2 weeks or less or amounts received from the sale or exchange (other than a redemption) of a short-term obligation that is effected outside the United States. It also does not include amounts of original issue

discount arising from a sale and repurchase transaction completed within a period of 2 weeks or less, or amounts described in Regulations section 1.6049-5(b)(7), (10), or (11) (relating to certain obligations issued in bearer form). See the instructions for Forms 1042-S and 1099 to determine whether these amounts are also subject to information reporting.

**Reverse hybrid entity.** A reverse hybrid entity is any person (other than an individual) that is not fiscally transparent under U.S. tax law principles but that is fiscally transparent under the laws of a jurisdiction with which the United States has an income tax treaty.

Withholding agent. A withholding agent is any person, U.S. or foreign, that has control, receipt, or custody of an amount subject to withholding or who can disburse or make payments of an amount subject to withholding. The withholding agent may be an individual, corporation, partnership, trust, association, or any other entity, including (but not limited to) any foreign intermediary, foreign partnership, and U.S. branches of certain foreign banks and insurance companies. Generally, the person who pays (or causes to be paid) the amount subject to withholding to the foreign person (or to its agent) must withhold.

Withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust. A withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust is a foreign partnership or a foreign simple or grantor trust that has entered into a withholding agreement with the IRS in which it agrees to assume primary withholding responsibility under sections 1441 and 1442 for all payments that are made to it for certain of its partners, beneficiaries, or owners and is acting in its capacity as a withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust.

See Rev. Proc. 2003-64 for procedures to apply to be a withholding foreign partnership or trust. You can find Rev. Proc. 2003-64 on page 306 of Internal Revenue Bulletin (IRB) 2003-32 at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb03-32.pdf">www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb03-32.pdf</a>. Also see Rev. Proc. 2004-21 (IRB 2004-14).

# **Specific Instructions**

#### Part I

**Line 1.** Enter your name. By doing so, you are representing to the payer or withholding agent that you are not the beneficial owner of the amounts that will be paid to you.

**Line 2.** If you are a corporation, enter the country of incorporation. If you are another type of entity, enter the country under whose laws you are created, organized, or governed. If you are an individual, enter "N/A" (for "not applicable").

Line 3. Check the one box that applies. If you are a foreign partnership receiving the payment on behalf of your partners, check the "Withholding foreign partnership" box or the "Nonwithholding foreign partnership" box, whichever is appropriate. If you are a foreign simple trust or foreign grantor trust receiving the payment on behalf of your beneficiaries or owners, check the "Withholding foreign trust" box, the "Nonwithholding foreign simple trust" box, or the "Nonwithholding foreign grantor trust" box, whichever is appropriate. If you are a foreign partnership (or a foreign trust) receiving a payment on behalf of persons other than your partners (or beneficiaries or owners), check the "Qualified intermediary" box or the "Nonqualified intermediary" box, whichever is appropriate. A reverse hybrid entity that is providing documentation from its interest

holders to claim a reduced rate of withholding under a treaty should check the "Nonqualified intermediary" box unless it has entered into a qualified intermediary agreement with the IRS. See Parts II Through VI below if you are acting in more than one capacity. A partnership or grantor trust submitting Form W-8IMY solely because it is allocated income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business as a partner in a partnership should check the box for nonwithholding foreign partnership or nonwithholding foreign grantor trust and, if it is submitting or will submit documentation for its partners or owners, it should complete Part VI. A withholding foreign partnership or a grantor trust that is a withholding foreign trust should submit a separate Form W-8IMY if it is allocated income that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business as a partner in a partnership and should check the box for nonwithholding foreign partnership or nonwithholding foreign grantor trust and, if it is submitting or will submit documentation for its partners or owners, it should complete Part VI.



Form W-8IMY may be submitted and accepted to satisfy documentation requirements for purposes of withholding on certain partnership allocations to

foreign partners under section 1446. Section 1446 generally requires withholding when a partnership is conducting a trade or business in the United States and allocates income effectively connected with that trade or business (ECI) to foreign persons that are partners in the partnership. Section 1446 can also apply when certain income is treated as effectively connected income of the partnership and is so allocated

An upper-tier partnership that is allocated ECI as a partner in a partnership may, in certain circumstances, have the lower-tier partnership perform its withholding obligation. Generally, this is accomplished by the upper-tier partnership submitting withholding certificates of its partners (for example, Form W-8BEN ) along with a Form W-8IMY, which identifies itself as a partnership, and identifying the manner in which ECI of the upper-tier partnership will be allocated to the partners. For further information, see Regulations section 1.1446-5. A foreign grantor trust that is allocated ECI as a partner in a partnership should provide the withholding certificates of its grantor (for example, Form W-8BEN ) along with its Form W-8IMY which identifies the trust as a foreign grantor trust. See Regulations section 1.1446-1(c)(ii)(E) for the rules requiring it to provide additional documentation to the partnership.

**Line 4.** Your permanent residence address is the address in the country where you claim to be a resident. Do not show the address of a financial institution, a post office box, or an address used solely for mailing purposes. If you do not have a tax residence in any country, the permanent residence address is where you maintain your principal office or, if you are an individual, where you normally reside.

**Line 5.** Enter your mailing address only if it is different from the address you show on line 4.

**Line 6.** You must provide an employer identification number (EIN) if you are a U.S. branch of a foreign bank or insurance company, an upper-tier partnership that is allocated ECI as a partner in a partnership, or a foreign grantor trust that is allocated ECI as a partner.

If you are acting as a qualified intermediary, withholding foreign partnership, or withholding foreign trust, check the QI-EIN box and enter the EIN that was issued to you in such capacity (your "QI-EIN," "WP-EIN," or "WT-EIN"). If you are not acting in that capacity, you must use your U.S. taxpayer identification number (TIN), if any, that is not your QI-EIN, WP-EIN, or WT-EIN.

A nonqualified intermediary, a nonwithholding foreign partnership, or a nonwithholding foreign simple or grantor trust is generally not required to provide a U.S. TIN. However, a nonwithholding foreign grantor trust with five or fewer grantors is required to provide an EIN.

**Line 7.** If your country of residence for tax purposes has issued you a tax identifying number, enter it here.

Line 8. This line may be used by the filer of Form W-8IMY or by the withholding agent to whom it is provided to include any referencing information that is useful to the withholding agent in carrying out its obligations. For example, a withholding agent who is required to associate a particular Form W-8BEN with this Form W-8IMY may want to use line 8 for a referencing number or code that will make the association clear.

## Parts II Through VI

You should complete only one part. If you are acting in multiple capacities, you must provide separate Forms W-8IMY for each capacity. For example, if you are acting as a qualified intermediary for one account, but a nonqualified intermediary for another account, you must provide one Form W-8IMY in your capacity as a qualified intermediary, and a separate Form W-8IMY in your capacity as a nonqualified intermediary.

## Part II — Qualified Intermediary

Check box 9a if you are a qualified intermediary (QI) (whether or not you assume primary withholding responsibility) for the income for which you are providing this form. By checking the box, you are certifying to all of the statements contained on line 9a.

Check box 9b only if you have assumed primary withholding responsibility under Chapter 3 of the Code (nonresident alien withholding) with respect to the accounts identified on this line or in a withholding statement associated with this form.

Check box 9c only if you have assumed primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility as authorized in a withholding agreement with the IRS with respect to the accounts identified on this line or in a withholding statement associated with this form.

Although a QI obtains withholding certificates or appropriate documentation from beneficial owners, payees, and, if applicable, shareholders, as specified in your withholding agreement with the IRS, a QI does not need to attach the certificates or documentation to this form. However, to the extent you have not assumed primary Form 1099 reporting or backup withholding responsibility, you must disclose the names of those U.S. persons for whom you receive reportable amounts and that are not exempt recipients (as defined in Regulations section 1.6049-4(c)(1)(ii) or under section 6041, 6042, 6045, or 6050N). You should make this disclosure by attaching to Form W-8IMY the Forms W-9 (or substitute forms) of persons that are not exempt recipients. If you do not have a Form W-9 for a non-exempt U.S. payee, you must attach to Form W-8IMY any information you do have regarding that person's name, address, and TIN.

Withholding statement of a QI. As a QI, you must provide a withholding statement to each withholding agent from which you receive reportable amounts. The withholding statement becomes an integral part of the Form W-8IMY and, therefore, the certification statement that you sign in Part VII of the form applies to the withholding statement as well as to the form. The withholding statement must:

- Designate those accounts for which you act as a QI,
- Designate those accounts for which you assumed primary withholding responsibility under Chapter 3 of the Code and/ or primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility, and
- Provide information regarding withholding rate pools.

A withholding rate pool is a payment of a single type of income, based on the categories of income reported on Form 1042-S or Form 1099 (for example, interest or dividends), that is subject to a single rate of withholding. The withholding rate pool may be established by any reasonable method agreed upon by you and the withholding agent. For example, you may agree to establish a separate account for a single withholding rate pool or you may agree to divide a payment made to a single account into portions allocable to each withholding rate pool. You must provide the withholding rate pool information that is required for the withholding agent to meet its withholding and reporting obligations. A withholding agent may request any information reasonably necessary to withhold and report payments correctly.

If you do not assume primary Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility, you must establish a separate withholding rate pool for each U.S. non-exempt recipient account holder disclosed to the withholding agent unless the alternative procedure is used (see below). The withholding rate pools are based on valid documentation that you obtain under your withholding agreement with the IRS or, if a payment cannot be reliably associated with valid documentation, under the applicable presumption rules.

Alternative procedure for U.S. non-exempt recipients. If permitted by the QI withholding agreement with the IRS and if approved by the withholding agent, you may establish:

- A single withholding rate pool (not subject to backup withholding) for all U.S. non-exempt recipient account holders for whom you have provided Forms W-9 prior to the withholding agent making any payments. Alternatively, you may include such U.S. non-exempt recipients in a zero rate withholding pool that includes U.S. exempt recipients and foreign persons exempt from non-resident alien withholding provided all the conditions of the alternative procedure are met, and
- A separate withholding rate pool (subject to backup) withholding) for all U.S. non-exempt recipient account holders for whom you have not provided Forms W-9 prior to the withholding agent making any payments.

If you elect the alternative procedure, you must provide the information required by your QI withholding agreement to the withholding agent not later than January 15 of the year following the year in which the payments are paid. Failure to provide this information may result in penalties under sections 6721 and 6722 and termination of your withholding agreement with the IRS.

Updating the statement. The statement by which you identify the relevant withholding rate pools must be updated as often as is necessary to allow the withholding agent to withhold at the appropriate rate on each payment and to correctly report the income to the IRS. The updated information becomes an integral part of Form W-8IMY.

# Part III — Nonqualified Intermediary

If you are providing Form W-8IMY as a nonqualified intermediary (NQI), you must check box 10a. By checking this box, you are certifying to all of the statements on line 10a. Check box 10b if you are using this form to transmit withholding certificates or other documentation.

If you are acting on behalf of another NQI or on behalf of a foreign partnership or foreign trust that is not a withholding foreign partnership or a withholding foreign trust, you must attach to your Form W-8IMY the Form W-8IMY of the other NQI or the foreign partnership or the foreign trust together with the withholding certificates and other documentation attached to that Form W-8IMY.

Withholding statement of an NQI. In addition to valid documentation of its customers, an NQI must provide a withholding statement to obtain reduced rates of withholding for its customers and to avoid certain reporting responsibilities. The withholding statement must be provided prior to a payment and becomes an integral part of the Form W-8IMY and, therefore, the certification statement that you sign in Part VII of the form applies to the withholding statement as well as to the form. The withholding statement

- Contain the name, address, U.S. TIN (if any), and the type of documentation (documentary evidence, Form W-9, or type of Form W-8) for every person for whom documentation has been received and must state whether that person is a U.S. exempt recipient, a U.S. non-exempt recipient, or a foreign person. The statement must indicate whether a foreign person is a beneficial owner or an intermediary, flow-through entity, or U.S. branch and the type of recipient, based on the recipient codes reported on Form 1042-S.
- Allocate each payment by income type to every payee for whom documentation has been provided. The type of income is based on the income codes reported on Form 1042-S (or, if applicable, the income categories for Form 1099). If a payee receives income through another NQI, flow-through entity, or U.S. branch, your withholding certificate must also state the name, address, and U.S. TIN, if known, of the other NQI or U.S. branch from which the payee directly receives the payment or the flow-through entity in which the payee has a direct ownership interest. If another NQI, flow-through entity, or U.S. branch fails to allocate a payment, you must provide, for that payment, the name of the NQI, flow-through entity, or U.S. branch that failed to allocate the payment.
- If a payee is identified as a foreign person, you must specify the rate of withholding to which the payee is subject, the payee's country of residence and, if a reduced rate of withholding is claimed, the basis for that reduced rate (for example, treaty benefit, portfolio interest, exempt under section 501(c)(3), 892, or 895). The statement must also include the U.S. TIN (if required) and, if the beneficial owner is not an individual and is claiming treaty benefits, state whether the limitation on benefits and section 894 statements have been provided by the beneficial owner. You must inform the withholding agent as to which payments those statements relate.
- Contain any other information the withholding agent requests in order to fulfill its withholding and reporting obligations under Chapter 3 of the Code and/or Form 1099 reporting and backup withholding responsibility.

Alternative procedure for NQIs. Under this procedure, you may provide information allocating a payment of a reportable amount to each payee (including U.S. exempt recipients) after a payment is made. To use the alternative procedure you must inform the withholding agent on your withholding statement that you are using the procedure and the withholding agent must agree to the procedure.



This alternative procedure cannot be used for payments that are allocable to U.S. non-exempt литом recipients.

Under this procedure, you must provide a withholding agent with all the information required on the withholding statement (see Withholding statement of an NQI on this page) and all payee documentation, except the specific allocation information for each payee, prior to the payment of a reportable amount. In addition, you must provide the withholding agent with withholding rate pool information. The withholding statement must assign each payee to a withholding rate pool prior to the payment of a reportable amount. A withholding rate pool is a payment of a single type of income, based on the income codes reported on Form 1042-S (for example, interest or dividends), that is subject to a single rate of withholding. The withholding rate pool may be established by any reasonable method agreed upon by you and the withholding agent. For example, you may agree to establish a separate account for a single withholding rate pool, or you may agree to divide a payment made to a single account into portions allocable to each withholding rate pool. You must determine withholding rate pools based on valid documentation or, to the extent a payment cannot be reliably associated with valid documentation, the applicable presumption rules.

You must provide the withholding agent with sufficient information to allocate the income in each withholding rate pool to each payee (including U.S. exempt recipients) within the pool no later than January 31 of the year following the year of payment. If you fail to provide allocation information, if required, by January 31 for any withholding rate pool, you may not use this procedure for any payment made after that date for all withholding rate pools. You may remedy your failure to provide allocation information by providing the information to the withholding agent no later than February 14. See Regulations section 1.1441-1.

# Part IV — Certain United States Branches

#### Line 11

Check the box to certify that you are either:

- A U.S. branch of a foreign bank subject to regulatory supervision by the Federal Reserve Board or
- A U.S. branch of a foreign insurance company required to file an annual statement on a form approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners with the insurance department of a state, a territory, or the District of Columbia.

By checking the box you are also certifying that the income you are receiving is not effectively connected with the conduct of your trade or business in the United States. You must provide your EIN on line 6 of Part I.

#### Line 12 or 13

If you are one of the types of U.S. branches specified in the instructions for line 11 above, then you may choose to be treated in one of two ways:

- 1. Check box 12 if you have an agreement with the withholding agent to which you are providing this form to be treated as a U.S. person. In this case, you will be treated as a U.S. person. Therefore, you will receive the payment free of Chapter 3 withholding but you will yourself be responsible for Chapter 3 withholding and backup withholding for any payments you make or credit to the account of persons for whom you are receiving the payment.
- 2. Check box 13 if you do not have an agreement with the withholding agent to be treated as a U.S. person.

**Withholding statement of a U.S. branch not treated as a U.S. person.** If you checked box 13, you must provide the withholding agent with a written withholding statement. The withholding statement becomes an integral part of the Form W-8IMY. The withholding statement must provide the same information outlined under *Withholding statement of an NQI* on page 5.

# Part V — Withholding Foreign Partnership or Withholding Foreign Trust

Check box 14 if you are a withholding foreign partnership or a withholding foreign trust for the accounts for which you are providing this form and you are receiving the income from those accounts on behalf of your partners, beneficiaries, or owners. If you are not receiving the income on behalf of your partners, beneficiaries, or owners, do not complete Part V. Instead, complete Part II or Part III, whichever is appropriate. If you are a withholding foreign partnership or trust that is acting as a nonwithholding foreign partnership or trust for certain partners, beneficiaries, or owners, you must complete Part VI with respect to those partners, beneficiaries, or owners.

If you are acting as a withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust, you must assume primary withholding responsibility for all payments that are made to you for your partners, beneficiaries, or owners for which you are required to act as a withholding foreign partnership or trust. Therefore, you are not required to provide information to the withholding agent regarding each partner's, beneficiary's, or owner's distributive share of the payment. If you are also receiving payments from the same withholding agent for persons other than your partners, beneficiaries, or owners, you must provide a separate Form W-8IMY for those payments.

# Part VI — Nonwithholding Foreign Partnership, Simple Trust, or Grantor Trust

Check box 15 if you are a foreign partnership or a foreign simple or grantor trust that is not a withholding foreign partnership or a withholding foreign trust. Additionally, check box 15 if you are a withholding foreign partnership or trust acting as a nonwithholding foreign partnership or trust for certain partners, beneficiaries, or owners. By checking this box, you are certifying to both of the statements on line 15.

**Note.** If you are receiving income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-8ECI (instead of Form W-8IMY).

If you are not receiving the income on behalf of your partners, beneficiaries, or owners, do not complete Part VI. Instead, complete Part II or Part III, whichever is appropriate.

If you are acting on behalf of an NQI or another foreign partnership or foreign trust that is not a withholding foreign partnership or a withholding foreign trust, you must associate with your Form W-8IMY the Form W-8IMY of the other foreign partnership or foreign trust together with the withholding certificates and other documentation attached to that other form.

Withholding statement of nonwithholding foreign partnership or nonwithholding foreign trust. You must provide the withholding agent with a written withholding

statement to obtain reduced rates of withholding and relief from certain reporting obligations. The withholding statement becomes an integral part of the Form W-8IMY. The withholding statement must provide the same information outlined under *Withholding statement of an NQI* on page 5.

Certain smaller and related partnerships and trusts. If you are a foreign partnership or foreign simple or grantor trust to which a QI is applying the rules of Section 4A.01 of the QI agreement, or to which a WP or WT is applying the rules of Section 10.01 of the WP or WT agreement (relating to certain smaller partnerships and trusts), you must provide the QI, WP, or WT with a Form W-8IMY; a Form W-8 from each of your partners, beneficiaries, or owners; and a withholding statement. The withholding statement must provide the same information outlined under *Withholding statement of an NQI* on page 5, except that it does not need any allocation information.

If you are a foreign partnership or foreign simple or grantor trust to which a QI is applying the rules of Section 4A.02 of the QI agreement, or to which a WP or WT is applying the rules of Section 10.02 of the WP or WT agreement (relating to certain related partnerships and trusts), you must provide the QI, WP, or WT with a Form W-8IMY and a withholding statement. The withholding statement must provide the same information outlined under *Withholding statement of an NQI* on page 5 except that it may include pooled basis information regarding direct partners, beneficiaries, or owners that are not intermediaries, flow-through entities, or U.S. non-exempt recipients.

See Rev. Proc. 2003-64 for rules regarding certain smaller and related partnerships or trusts. You can find Rev. Proc. 2003-64 on page 306 of Internal Revenue Bulletin (IRB) 2003-32 at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb03-32.pdf">www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb03-32.pdf</a>. Also see Rev. Proc. 2004-21 (IRB 2004–14).

### Part VII — Certification

Form W-8IMY must be signed and dated by a person authorized to sign a declaration under penalties of perjury on behalf of the person whose name is on the form.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. If you are acting in any capacity described in these instructions, you are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is: **Recordkeeping**, 5 hr., 58 min.; **Learning about the law or the form**, 4 hr., 38 min.; **Preparing the form**, 6 hr., 8 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at \*taxforms@irs.gov. Please put "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6406, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send Form W-8IMY to this office. Instead, give it to your withholding agent.